

ST 3000 Smart Pressure Transmitter Series 100 Differential Pressure Models Specifications



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Introduction

In 1983, Honeywell introduced the first Smart Pressure Transmitter— the ST 3000[®]. In 1989, Honeywell launched the first all digital, bi-directional protocol for smart field devices. Today, its ST 3000 Series 100 Differential Pressure Transmitters continue to bring proven "smart" technology to a wide spectrum of pressure measurement applications, from furnace combustion airflow rate to hydrostatic tank gauging. The ST 3000 Series 100 (S100) Differential Pressure Transmitter can be used with any primary flow element to provide proven, repeatable flow measurement.

Models		
STD110	0 to 10 inH ₂ O	0 to 25 mbar
STD120	0 to 400 inH ₂ O	0 to 1,000 mbar
STD125	0 to 600 inH ₂ O	0 to 1,500 mbar
STD130	0 to 100 psi	0 to 7,000 mbar
STD170	0 to 3,000 psi	0 to 210,000 mbar

All ST 3000 transmitters can be ordered to provide one of the following output communication options.

Communications options		
4-20 mA		
Honeywell Digitally Enhanced (DE)		
HART® (versions 5.x or 6.x)		
FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus		



Series 100 Differential Pressure Transmitters feature field-proven piezoresistive sensor technology

When digitally integrated with Honeywell's Experion® Process Knowledge System or other TDC/TPS systems, ST 3000 instruments provides local measurement accuracy to the system level without adding typical A/D and D/A converter inaccuracies as well as providing advantages from the many other on-board advanced diagnostic features. Honeywell's high-performance ST 3000 S100 transmitters lead the industry in:

- Accuracy
- Stability
- Reliability
- Rangeability
- Warranty

ST 3000 Lifetime™ Transmitter Benefits

Total Accuracy = ±0.0375%

Stability = ±0.01% per year

Reliability = 470 years MTBF

Rangeability = 400 to 1

Lifetime Warranty = 15 years

The devices provide comprehensive self-diagnostics to help users maintain high uptime, meet regulatory requirements, and attain high quality standards. S100 transmitters are ideal for critical applications, such as custody transfer of natural gas and energy and material balances, where accuracy and stability are important.

Description

The ST 3000 transmitter can replace any 4 to 20 mA output transmitter in use today and operates over a standard two-wire system.

The measuring means is a piezoresistive sensor, which actually contains three sensors in one. It uses a differential pressure sensor, a temperature sensor and a static pressure sensor in delivering the most comprehensive compensated output signal available today.

Microprocessor-based electronics provide higher spanturndown ratio, improved temperature and pressure compensation, and improved accuracy.

The transmitter's meter body and electronics housing resist shock, vibration, corrosion, and moisture. The electronics housing contains a compartment for the single-board electronics, which is isolated from an integral junction box. The single-board electronics is replaceable and interchangeable with any other ST 3000 Series 100 or Series 900 model transmitters.

Configuration Tools

Like other Honeywell transmitters, the ST 3000 features two-way communication and configuration capability between the operator and the transmitter through several Honeywell field-rated portable configuration devices, including the Smart Field Communicator (SFC) and the Multiple Communication Configurator (MC ToolKit). While both are made for in-field use, the MC Toolkit also can be ordered for use in intrinsically safe, Class I, Div. 1 environments.

The SCT 3000 Smartline Configuration Toolkit provides an easy way to configure instruments using a personal computer as the configuration interface. The toolkit enables configuration of devices before shipping or prior to field installation. The SCT 3000 can operate in the off-line mode to pre-configure an unlimited number of devices. This database can then be loaded down-line during instrument commissioning.

Features

- Choice of linear or square root output conformity is a simple configuration selection.
- Direct digital integration with Experion PKS and other control systems provides local measurement accuracy to the system level without adding typical A/D and D/A converter inaccuracies.
- Unique piezoresistive sensor automatically compensates input for real-world temperature and static pressure variations.
- Added "smart" features include configuring lower and upper range values, simulating accurate analog output, and selecting preprogrammed engineering units for display.
- Smart transmitter capabilities with local or remote interfacing means significant manpower efficiency improvements in commissioning, start-up, and ongoing maintenance functions.
- ST 3000 transmitters feature full Dual-Seal certification based on ANSI/NFPA 70-202 and ANSI/ISA 12.27.01 requirements without the use of additional seal protection elements.
- ST 3000 transmitters are available fully compliant to SIL 2/3 requirements as a standard option.

Operating Conditions – All Models

Parameter	Reference Condition		Rated Condition		Operative Limits		Transportation and Storage	
	°C	۰F	°C	°F	°C	°F	°C	°F
Ambient Temperature								
STD110	25±1	77±2	-15 to 65	5 to 150	-40 to 70	-40 to 158	-40 to 70	-40 to 158
STD125	25±1	77±2	-40 to 85	-40 to 185	-40 to 85	-40 to 185	-55 to 125	-67 to 257
STD120, STD130, STD170	25±1	77±2	-40 to 85	-40 to 185	-40 to 93	-40 to 200	-55 to 125	-67 to 257
Meter Body Temperature								
STD110	25±1	77±2	-15 to 65	5 to 150	-40 to 70	-40 to 158	-40 to 70	-40 to 158
STD125	25±1	77±2	-40 to 85	-40 to 185	-40 to 85	-40 to 185	-55 to 125	-67 to 257
STD120, STD130, STD170	25±1	77±2	-40 to 110 ¹	-40 to 230 ¹	-40 to 125	-40 to 257	-55 to 125	-67 to 257
Humidity %RH	10 to 55		0 to 100		0 to 100		0 to 100	
Vac. Region – Min. Pressure All Models Except STD110 mmHg absolute inH ₂ O absolute		spheric spheric		5 3	2 (short 1 (short	term) ²		
Supply Voltage, Current, and Load Resistance Voltage Range: 10.8 to 42.4 Vdc at terminals Current Range: 3.0 to 21.8 mA Load Resistance: 0 to 1,440 ohms (as shown in Figure 2)								
Maximum Allowable Working Pressure (MAWP) ⁴								
(ST 3000 products are rated to Maximum Allowable Working Pressure. MAWP depends on Approval Agency and transmitter materials of construction.)	STD120, STD125, STD130 and STD170 = 4,500 psi, 310 bar ³ Static Pressure Limit = Maximum Allowable Working Pressure (MAWP) = Overpressure Limit for ST 3000 Differential Pressure Transmitters							

 $^{^1\,}$ For CTFE fill fluid, the rating is -15 to 110°C (5 to 230°F)

⁴ Consult factory for MAWP of ST 3000 transmitters with CSA approval.

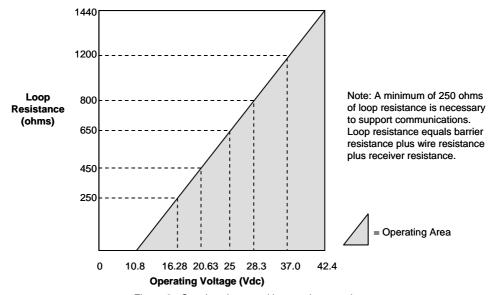


Figure 2 - Supply voltage and loop resistance chart

 $^{^2\,}$ Short term equals 2 hours at 70°C (158°F)

MAWP applies for temperature range -40 to 125°C. However, Static Pressure Limit is de-rated to 3,000 psi from -26°C to -40°C. Use of graphite o-rings de-rates transmitter to 3,625 psi. Use of adaptor with graphite o-rings de-rates transmitter to 3,000 psi.

Performance Under Rated Conditions* - Model STD110 (0 to 10 inH2O)

Parameter Parameter	itions* - Model STD110 (0 to 10 inH ₂ O) Description		
Upper Range Limit inH ₂ O mbar	10 (39.2°F/4°C is standard reference temperature for inH ₂ O range.) 25		
Minimum Span inH ₂ O mbar	0.4		
Turndown Ratio	25 to 1		
Zero Elevation and Suppression	No limit except minimum span within ±100% URL.		
Accuracy (Reference – Includes combined effects of linearity, hysteresis, and repeatability)	In Analog Mode: ±0.1% of calibrated span or upper range value (URV), whichever is greater, terminal based. For URV below reference point (1.5 inH ₂ O), accuracy equals:		
 Accuracy includes residual error after averaging successive readings. For FOUNDATIONTM Fieldbus use 	$\pm \left[0.025 + 0.075 \left(\frac{1.5 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.075 \left(\frac{3.75 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
 Digital Mode specifications. For HART[®] use Analog Mode specifications. 	In Digital Mode: ±0.0875% of calibrated span or upper range value (URV), whichever is greater, terminal based. For URV below reference point (1.5 inH ₂ O), accuracy equals:		
specifications.	$\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.075 \left(\frac{1.5 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.075 \left(\frac{3.75 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
Zero Temperature Effect per 28°C (50°F)	In Analog Mode: ±0.2625% of span. For URV below reference point (10 inH ₂ O), effect equals:		
	$\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.25 \left(\frac{10 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.25 \left(\frac{25 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
	In Digital Mode: ±0.25% of span. For URV below reference point (10 inH ₂ O), effect equals:		
	$\pm 0.25 \left(\frac{10 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}} \right) \text{ or } \pm 0.25 \left(\frac{25 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in \% of span}$		
Combined Zero and Span Temperature Effect per 28°C	In Analog Mode: ±0.4875% of span. For URV below reference point (10 inH ₂ O), effect equals:		
(50°F)	$\pm \left[0.2375 + 0.25 \left(\frac{10 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.2375 + 0.25 \left(\frac{25 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
	In Digital Mode: ±0.4625% of span. For URV below reference point (10 inH ₂ O), effect equals:		
* Portormanco consilications are based	$\pm \left[0.2125 + 0.25 \left(\frac{10 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.2125 + 0.25 \left(\frac{25 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		

^{*} Performance specifications are based on reference conditions of 25°C (77°F), zero (0) static pressure, 10 to 55% RH, and 316 Stainless Steel barrier diaphragm.

	ditions* - Model STD120 (0 to 400 inH₂O)		
Parameter	Description		
Upper Range Limit inH ₂ O mbar	400 (39.2°F/4°C is standard reference temperature for inH ₂ O range.) 1,000		
Minimum Span inH ₂ O mbar	1 Note: Recommended minimum span in square root mode is 20 inH ₂ O (50 mbar).		
Turndown Ratio	400 to 1		
Zero Elevation and Suppression	No limit except minimum span within ±100% URL. Specifications valid from -5 to +100% URL.		
 Accuracy (Reference – Includes combined effects of linearity, hysteresis, and repeatability) Accuracy includes residual error after averaging successive readings. For FOUNDATIONTM Fieldbus use Digital Mode specifications. For HART® use Analog Mode 	In Analog Mode: $\pm 0.0525\%$ of calibrated span or upper range value (URV), whichever is greater, terminal based. For URV below reference point (25 inH ₂ O), accuracy equals:		
specifications.	$\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.025 \left(\frac{25 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.025 \left(\frac{62 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
Zero Temperature Effect per 28°C (50°F)	* For High Accuracy (HA) option: ±0.025% of calibrated span or upper range value (URV), whichever is greater, terminal based. In Analog Mode: ±0.0625% of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals:		
	$\begin{split} &\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in % of span} \\ &\textbf{In Digital Mode: } \pm 0.05\% \text{ of span.} \\ &\text{For URV below reference point (50 inH}_2\text{O), effect equals:} \\ &\pm 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right) \text{ or } \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right) \text{ in % of span} \end{split}$		
Combined Zero and Span Temperature Effect per 28°C (50°F)	In Analog Mode: $\pm 0.10\%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}$ In Digital Mode: $\pm 0.075\%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}$		
Zero Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar)			
Combined Zero and Span Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar)	$ \begin{array}{l} \pm 0.15\% \text{ of span.} \\ \text{For URV below reference point (50 inH}_2\text{O}), \text{ effect equals:} \\ \pm \left[0.0875 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}}_2\text{O}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0875 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span} \\ \end{array} $		
Stability	±0.01% of URL per year for lifetime		

^{*} Performance specifications are based on reference conditions of 25°C (77°F), zero (0) static pressure, 10 to 55% RH, and 316 Stainless Steel barrier diaphragm.

Performance Under Rated Conditions* - Model STD125 (0 to 600 inH₂O)

Minimum Span in Hoo mbar 1,500 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	Parameter	itions* - Model STD125 (0 to 600 inH₂O) Description		
Minimum Span InH ₂ O 62.2		·		
Turndown Ratio Zero Elevation and Suppression Accuracy (Reference – Includes combined effects of linearity, hysteresis, and repeatability) • Accuracy includes residual error after averaging successive readings. • For FOUNDATION TM Fieldbus use Digital Mode specifications. • For HART [®] use Analog Mode specifications. • For HART [®] use Analog Mode specifications. • To URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: • (50°F) • Digital Mode: ±0.075% of span. • For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: • (0.025 + 0.06 (50 inH ₂ O) span		1,500		
No limit except minimum span within 0 to 100% URL.				
Accuracy (Reference – Includes combined effects of linearity, hysteresis, and repeatability) Accuracy includes residual error after averaging successive readings. For URV below reference point (25 inH ₂ O), accuracy equals: $= (0.0375 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0375 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span mbar}})$ in % of span In Digital Mode: $= (0.0375 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0375 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span mbar}})$ in % of span In Digital Mode: $= (0.0375 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0375 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span mbar}})$ in % of span In Digital Mode: $= (0.0375 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span mbar}})$ in % of span In Digital Mode: $= (0.0125 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.0376 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ in % of span In Digital Mode: $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.036 \frac{(25 \text{ inH}_2O)}{\text{span inH}_2O})$ or $= (0.0125 + 0.0$	Turndown Ratio	24 to 1		
combined effects of linearity, hysteresis, and repeatability) • Accuracy includes residual error after averaging successive readings. • For FOUNDATION TM Fieldbus use Digital Mode specifications. • For HART® use Analog Mode specifications. • For HART® use Analog Mode specifications. In Digital Mode: $\pm 0.05\%$ of calibrated span or upper range value (URV), whichever is greater, terminal based. For URV below reference point (25 inH ₂ O), accuracy equals: • For HART® use Analog Mode specifications. In Digital Mode: $\pm 0.05\%$ of calibrated span or upper range value (URV), whichever is greater, terminal based. For URV below reference point (25 inH ₂ O), accuracy equals: • $\pm 0.0125 + 0.0375 \left(\frac{25 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \left(0.0125 + 0.0375 \left(\frac{62 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in } \%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: • $\pm 0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \left(0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in } \%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: • $\pm 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \left(0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in } \%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: • $\pm 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \left(0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in } \%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: • $\pm 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \left(0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in } \%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: • $\pm 0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \left(0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in } \%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: • $\pm 0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \left(0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in } \%$ of span. For URV belo	Zero Elevation and Suppression	No limit except minimum span within 0 to 100% URL.		
	combined effects of linearity,			
Digital Mode specifications. For HART® use Analog Mode specifications. To a consider the specifications. To the third of the specifications of the specific the spe	after averaging successive readings.	$\pm \left[0.0375 + 0.0375 \left(\frac{25 \text{ inH}_2 \text{ O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{ O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0375 + 0.0375 \left(\frac{62 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
	Digital Mode specifications.	greater, terminal based.		
Zero Temperature Effect per 28°C (50°F) In Analog Mode: $\pm 0.0625\%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span } \\ & \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span } \\ & \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in } \% \text{ of span } \\ & \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \text{ or } \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in } \% \text{ of span } \\ & \text{For URV below reference point (50 \text{ inH}_2O), effect equals:} \\ & \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span } \\ & \text{For URV below reference point (50 \text{ inH}_2O), effect equals:} \\ & \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span } \\ & \text{For URV below reference point (50 \text{ inH}_2O), effect equals:} \\ & \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span } \\ & \pm 0.075\% \text{ of span.} \\ & \text{For URV below reference point (50 \text{ inH}_2O), effect equals:} \\ & \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span } \\ & \pm 0.020\% \text{ of span.} \\ & \text{For URV below reference point (50 \text{ inH}_2O), effect equals:} \\ & \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2O}{\text{span inH}_2O} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span } \\ & \pm 0.020\% \text{ of span.} \\ & \pm 0.020\% \text{ of span.} \\ & \pm 0.020\% \text{ of span } \\ & \pm 0.020\%$		For URV below reference point (25 inH ₂ O), accuracy equals:		
For URV below reference point (50 inH $_2$ O), effect equals: $\pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \text{ or } \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \text{ or } \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span.} \right] \\ & \pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span.} \\ & \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm 0.20\% \text{ of span.} \\ & \pm 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 O}{\text{span inH}_2 O} \right) \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in % of span} \\ & \pm 0.1$	·	$\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0375 \left(\frac{25 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0375 \left(\frac{62 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
$\frac{\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05\left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05\left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}}{\left[\text{In Digital Mode: } \pm 0.05\% \text{ of span.}\right]}$ $\text{For URV below reference point } (50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}), \text{ effect equals:}$ $\pm 0.05\left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right) \text{ or } \pm 0.05\left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right) \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}}{\left[\text{In Analog Mode: } \pm 0.10\% \text{ of span.}\right]} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}$ $\text{Temperature Effect per 28°C} \begin{cases} \text{In Analog Mode: } \pm 0.10\% \text{ of span.} \\ \text{For URV below reference point } (50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}), \text{ effect equals:} \\ \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05\left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05\left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}} \\ \text{In Digital Mode: } \pm 0.075\% \text{ of span.} \\ \text{For URV below reference point } (50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}), \text{ effect equals:} \\ \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05\left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05\left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}} \\ \text{Zero Static Pressure Effect per } \\ \text{1,000 psi } (70 \text{ bar}) \end{cases} = \frac{\pm 0.075\% \text{ of span.}}{\text{For URV below reference point } (50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}), \text{ effect equals:}} \\ \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625\left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625\left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}} $ $\text{Combined Zero and Span Static} \\ \text{Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi } (70 \text{ bar}) \end{cases} = \frac{\pm 0.20\% \text{ of span.}}{\text{For URV below reference point } (50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}), \text{ effect equals:}} \\ \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625\left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625\left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}} $	Zero Temperature Effect per	In Analog Mode: ±0.0625% of span.		
	28°C (50°F)	For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals:		
		$\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
		In Digital Mode: ±0.05% of span.		
Combined Zero and Span Temperature Effect per 28°C (50°F) In Analog Mode: $\pm 0.10\%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}$ In Digital Mode: $\pm 0.075\%$ of span. For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}$ Zero Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar) $\pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}$ Combined Zero and Span Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar) $\pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}$ For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}$		For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals:		
Temperature Effect per 28°C (50°F) For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span in } \% of span in $		$\pm 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}} \right) \text{ or } \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \text{ in \% of span}$		
Temperature Effect per 28°C (50°F) For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in } \% \text{ of span in } \% \text{ of span } \% of span $	Combined Zero and Span	In Analog Mode: ±0.10% of span.		
$ \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in \% of span} $ $ \text{In Digital Mode: } \pm 0.075\% \text{ of span.} $ $ \text{For URV below reference point (50 inH}_2 \text{O}), \text{ effect equals:} $ $ \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in \% of span} $ $ \pm 0.075\% \text{ of span.} $ $ \text{For URV below reference point (50 inH}_2 \text{O}), \text{ effect equals:} $ $ \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in \% of span} $ $ \pm 0.20\% \text{ of span.} $ $ \text{For URV below reference point (50 inH}_2 \text{O}), \text{ effect equals:} $ $ \pm 0.20\% \text{ of span.} $ $ \text{For URV below reference point (50 inH}_2 \text{O}), \text{ effect equals:} $ $ \pm 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in \% of span} $ $ \pm 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or } \pm \begin{bmatrix} 0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \end{bmatrix} \text{ in \% of span} $		For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals:		
For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ Zero Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar) $\pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span}\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ $\pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span}\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span}\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span}\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ Combined Zero and Span Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar) $\pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ $\pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$	(50°F)	$\pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2 \text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2 \text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ Zero Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar) $\pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span}\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ $\pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span}\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span}\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.075\% \text{ of span}\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ Combined Zero and Span Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar) $\pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$ $\pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$		In Digital Mode: ±0.075% of span.		
Zero Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar)				
For URV below reference point (50 inH $_2$ O), effect equals: $\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$ Combined Zero and Span Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar) $\pm 0.20\% \text{ of span}.$ For URV below reference point (50 inH $_2$ O), effect equals: $\pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		$\pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
$ \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span} $ Combined Zero and Span Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar) $ \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span} $	•	·		
Combined Zero and Span Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar)	1,000 psi (70 bar)	For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals:		
Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70 bar) For URV below reference point (50 inH ₂ O), effect equals: $ \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span} $		$\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH }_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH }_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$		
$\pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$	Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70	·		
Stability ±0.015% URL per vear	, 	$ \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{50 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}}{\text{span inH}_2\text{O}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.1375 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{125 \text{ mbar}}{\text{span mbar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span} $		
	Stability	±0.015% URL per year		

^{*} Performance specifications are based on reference conditions of 25°C (77°F), zero (0) static pressure, 10 to 55% RH, and 316 Stainless Steel barrier diaphragm.

Performance Under Rated Conditions* - Model STD130 (0 to 100 psi)

Parameter	u Cona	itions* - Model STD130 (0 to 100 psi) Description
Upper Range Limit	nci	100
Opper Kange Limit	psi bar	7
Minimum Span	psi bar	5 0.35
Turndown Ratio		20 to 1
Zero Elevation and Suppre	ession	No limit except minimum span within –18 and +100% URL. Specifications valid from –5 to +100% URL.
Accuracy (Reference – Inclucombined effects of linearity, hysteresis, and repeatability) • Accuracy includes residual after averaging successive readings.) Il error e	In Analog Mode: $\pm 0.075\%$ of calibrated span or upper range value (URV), whichever is greater, terminal based. For URV below reference point (15 psi), accuracy equals: $\pm \left[0.025 + 0.05\left(\frac{15 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05\left(\frac{1 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}}\right)\right] \text{ in } \% \text{ of span}$
 For FOUNDATION[™] Fieldbus Digital Mode specifications For HART[®] use Analog Mospecifications. 	S.	In Digital Mode: ±0.0625% of calibrated span or upper range value (URV), whichever is greater, terminal based. For URV below reference point (15 psi), accuracy equals:
		$\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{15 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{1 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$
Zero Temperature Effect pe	er	In Analog Mode: ±0.0625% of span.
28°C (50°F)		For URV below reference point (30 psi), effect equals:
		$\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{30 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.05 \left(\frac{2 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$
		In Digital Mode: ±0.05% of span.
		For URV below reference point (30 psi), effect equals:
		$\pm 0.05 \left(\frac{30 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \text{ or } \pm 0.05 \left(\frac{2 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \text{ in % of span}$
Combined Zero and Span		In Analog Mode: ±0.10% of span.
Temperature Effect per 28°	C	For URV below reference point (30 psi), effect equals:
(50°F)		$\pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{30 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.05 + 0.05 \left(\frac{2 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$
		In Digital Mode: ±0.075% of span.
		For URV below reference point (30 psi), effect equals:
		$\pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{30 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.05 \left(\frac{2 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$
Zero Static Pressure Effect	t per	±0.075% of span.
1,000 psi (70 bar)		For URV below reference point (30 psi), effect equals:
		$\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{30 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{2 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$
Combined Zero and Span Static Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (70		±0.15% of span. For URV below reference point (30 psi), effect equals:
bar)		$\pm \left[0.0875 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{30 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0875 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{2 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$
Stability		±0.04% of URL per year.
* Performance specifications are	e hased	on reference conditions of 25°C (77°F), zero (0) static pressure, 10 to 55% RH, and

^{*} Performance specifications are based on reference conditions of 25°C (77°F), zero (0) static pressure, 10 to 55% RH, and 316 Stainless Steel barrier diaphragm.

Performance Under Rated Conditions* - Model STD170 (0 to 3,000 psi)

Parameter	onditions* - Model STD170 (0 to 3,000 psi)
	Description
Upper Range Limit ps	0.10
Minimum Span ps ba	
Turndown Ratio	30 to 1
Zero Elevation and Suppression	No limit except minimum span within –0.6 and +100% URL. Specifications valid over this range.
Accuracy (Reference – Includes combined effects of linearity, hysteresis, and repeatability)	greater, terminal based. For URV below reference point (300 psi), accuracy equals:
 Accuracy includes residual err after averaging successive readings. For FOUNDATIONTM Fieldbus use 	$\pm \left[0.05 + 0.10 \left(\frac{300 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.05 + 0.10 \left(\frac{21 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in % of span}$
Digital Mode specifications. • For HART® use Analog Mode	In Digital Mode: ±0.125% of calibrated span or upper range value (URV), whichever is greater, terminal based. For URV below reference point (300 psi), accuracy equals:
specifications.	$\pm \left[0.025 + 0.10 \left(\frac{300 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.025 + 0.10 \left(\frac{21 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$
Zero Temperature Effect per	In Analog Mode: ±0.1125% of span.
28°C (50°F)	For URV below reference point (500 psi), effect equals: $ \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.10 \left(\frac{500 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.10 \left(\frac{35 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in % of span} $
	In Digital Mode: ±0.10% of span. For URV below reference point (500 psi), effect equals:
	$\pm 0.10 \left(\frac{500 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \text{ or } \pm 0.10 \left(\frac{35 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \text{ in % of span}$
Combined Zero and Span	In Analog Mode: ±0.175% of span.
Temperature Effect per 28°C (50°F)	For URV below reference point (500 psi), effect equals: $ \pm \left[0.075 + 0.10 \left(\frac{500 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.075 + 0.10 \left(\frac{35 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in % of span} $
	In Digital Mode: ±0.15% of span. For URV below reference point (500 psi), effect equals:
	$\pm \left[0.05 + 0.10 \left(\frac{500 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}}\right)\right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.05 + 0.10 \left(\frac{35 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}}\right)\right] \text{ in \% of span}$
Zero Static Pressure Effect per	·
1,000 psi (70 bar)	For URV below reference point (500 psi), effect equals: $\pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{500 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0125 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{35 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$
Combined Zero and Span Stat Pressure Effect per 1,000 psi (bar)	For URV below reference point (500 psi), effect equals:
,	$\pm \left[0.0875 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{500 \text{ psi}}{\text{span psi}} \right) \right] \text{ or } \pm \left[0.0875 + 0.0625 \left(\frac{35 \text{ bar}}{\text{span bar}} \right) \right] \text{ in \% of span}$
Stability	±0.03% of URL per year.
* 5 (sed on reference conditions of 25°C (77°E), zero (0) static pressure, 10 to 55% RH, and

^{*} Performance specifications are based on reference conditions of 25°C (77°F), zero (0) static pressure, 10 to 55% RH, and 316 Stainless Steel barrier diaphragm.

Performance Under Rated Conditions - All Models

Parameter	Description				
Output (two-wire)	Analog : 4 to 20 mA (Normal signal range is ≥ 3.8 mA and ≤ 20.8 mA. Transmitter failure values are: is ≥ 3.6 mA and ≤ 20.9 mA				
Digital communications :	Honeywell DE mode, Foundation [™] Fieldbus or HART [®] protocol (selectable versions 5.x or 6.x available).				
Supply Voltage Effect	0.005% span per volt.				
Damping Time Constant	Adjustable from 0 to 32 seconds digital damping.				
NAMUR NE 43 Compliance (Option "NE")	Transmitter failure information is generated when the measuring information is invalid or no longer present. Failure information is transmitted as a current signal but outside the normal 4-20 mA measurement signal level. Transmitter failure values are: ≤ 3.6 mA and ≥ 21.0 mA. The normal signal range is ≥ 3.8 mA and ≤ 20.5 mA.				
SIL 2/3 Compliance (Option "SL")	SIL certified to IEC 61508 for non-redundant use in SIL 2 related Safety Systems (single use) and for redundant (multiple) use in SIL 3 Safety Systems through TÜV Nord Sys Tec GmbH & Co. KG under the following standards: IEC61508-1: 1998; IEC 61508-2: 2000; IEC61508-3: 1998.				
Lightning Protection Option	Leakage Current: 10 microamps max. @ 42.4 VDC, 93°C				
(Option "LP")	Impulse Rating: 10/20 μ sec. 5,000 Amps (50 strikes) 10,000 Amps (20 strikes) (rise/decay) 10/1,000 μ sec. 250 Amps (1,000 strikes) 500 Amps (400 strikes)				

Physical and Approval Rodies

Description
Description
316L SS, Gold-plated 316L SS 316L SS, Hastelloy® C-276 ² , Monel 400 ^{® 3} , Tantalum, Gold-plated 316L SS, Gold-plated Hastelloy® C-276, Gold-plated Monel 400 [®]
316 SS ⁴ , Carbon Steel (Zinc-plated) ⁵ 316 SS ⁴ , Carbon Steel (Zinc-plated) ⁵ , Hastelloy [®] C-276 ⁶ , Monel 400 [®] ⁷
316 SS, Hastelloy [®] C-276 ² , Monel 400 [®] ⁸
Glass-filled PTFE standard. Viton® and graphite are optional. See MSG.
Carbon Steel (Zinc plated) standard. Options include 316 SS, NACE A286 SS bolts and 304 SS nuts and B7M.
Adapter Flange materials include 316 SS, Hastelloy® C-276 and Monel 400®. Bolt material for flanges is dependent on process head bolts material chosen. Standard adaptor o-ring material is glass-filled PTFE. Viton® and graphite are optional.
Carbon Steel (Zinc-plated) or Stainless Steel angle bracket or Carbon Steel flat bracket available (standard options).
Silicone DC® 200 oil or CTFE (Chlorotrifluoroethylene). Note that Model STD110 is only available with silicone fill fluid.
Epoxy-Polyester hybrid paint. Low Copper-Aluminum. Meets NEMA 4X (watertight) and NEMA 7 (explosion proof). All stainless steel housing is optional.
Can be mounted in virtually any position using the standard mounting bracket. Bracket is designed to mount on 2-inch (50 mm) vertical or horizontal pipe. See Figure 3.
1/4-inch NPT; 1/2-inch NPT with adapter (standard option, meets DIN requirements)
Accepts up to 16 AWG (1.5 mm diameter).
See Figure 4.

Vent/Drains are sealed with Teflon® or PTFE
 Hastelloy® C-276 or UNS N10276
 Monel 400® or UNS N04400

 $^{^{4}\,}$ Supplied as 316 SS or as Grade CF8M, the casting equivalent of 316 SS.

⁵ Carbon Steel heads are zinc-plated and not recommended for water service due to hydrogen migration. For that service, use 316 stainless steel wetted Process Heads.

Hastelloy® C-276 or UNS N10276. Supplied as indicated or as Grade CW12MW, the casting equivalent of Hastelloy® C-276
 Monel 400® or UNS N04400. Supplied as indicated or as Grade M30C, the casting equivalent of Monel 400®

Certifications

	Type of Protection	Comm. Option	Field Parameters	Temp. Codes
	Explosionproof: Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D locations Dust Ignition Proof: Class II, III, Division 1, Groups E, F, G locations, Enclosure Type 4X	All	All	T5 Ta = 93°C
	Intrinsically Safe:	4-20 mA / DE	Vmax = 42.4V Imax = 225mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 93°C
	Class I, II, III, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G locations, Enclosure Type 4X	4-20 mA / HART	Vmax = 30V Imax = 225mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 93°C
	Intrinsically Safe:	Fieldbus – Entity	Vmax = 32V Imax = 120mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =0.84W	T4 Ta = 40°C T3 Ta = 93°C
FM	Class I, II, III, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G locations; Class 1, Zone 0, AEx ia Group IIC, Enclosure Type 4X / IP 66/67	Fieldbus – Entity	Vmax = 24V Imax = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 40°C T3 Ta = 93°C
Approvals SM		FISCO	Vmax = 17.5V Imax = 380mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =5.32W	T4 Ta = 40°C T3 Ta = 93°C
		4-20 mA / DE	Vmax = 42.4V Imax = 225mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 93°C
	Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D locations, Enclosure Type 4X	4-20 mA / HART	Vmax = 30V Imax = 225mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 93°C
	Nonincendive: Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D;	Fieldbus – Entity	Vmax = 32V Imax = 120mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =0.84W	T4 Ta = 40°C T3 Ta = 93°C
	Suitable for: Class II, Division 2, Groups F&G Class III, Division 2; Class I, Zone 2, Group IIC,	Fieldbus – Entity	Vmax = 24V Imax = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 40°C T3 Ta = 93°C
	Enclosure Type 4X / IP 66/67	FNICO	Vmax = 32V Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0	T4 Ta = 40°C T3 Ta = 93°C

^{*} Li = 0 except Li = 150µH when Option ME, Analog Meter, is selected.

	Type of Protection	Comm. Option	Field Parameters	Temp. Codes
	Explosion Proof: Class I, Division 1, Groups B, C, D locations Dust Ignition Proof: Class II, III, Division 1, Groups E, F, G locations, Enclosure Type 4X	All	All	T4 Ta = 93°C
	Intrinsically Safe:	4-20 mA / DE	Vmax = 42V Imax = 225mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 93°C
Canadian Standards Association (CSA)	Class I, II, III, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G locations, Enclosure Type 4X Nonincendive: Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D locations, Enclosure Type	4-20 mA / HART	Vmax = 42V Imax = 225mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 93°C
		Fieldbus – Entity	Vmax = 24V Imax = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 40°C T3 Ta = 93°C
		4-20 mA / DE	Vmax = 42.4V Imax = 225mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 93°C
		4-20 mA / HART	Vmax = 30V Imax = 225mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 93°C
	4X	Fieldbus – Entity	Vmax = 24V Imax = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = 40°C T3 Ta = 93°C
	Canadian Registration Number (CRN):	and STG180 hav	els except STG19L, S re been registered in al ada and are marked C	I provinces and

	Type of Protection	Comm. Option	Field Parameters	Temp. Codes
	Flameproof, Zone 1: Ex d IIC, Enclosure IP 66/67	All	All	T5 Ta = -50 to 93°C T6 Ta = -50 to 78°C
IECEx International		4-20 mA / DE	Ui = 30V Ii = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 85°C T6 Ta = -50 to 70°C
Electrotechnical Commission (LCIE)	Intrinsically Safe, Zone 0/1: Ex ia IIC, Enclosure IP 66/67	4-20 mA / HART	Ui = 30V Ii = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 63°C T6 Ta = -50 to 48°C
		Fieldbus	Ui = 24V Ii = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T3 Ta = -50 to 93°C T4 Ta = -50 to 40°C

• Li = 0 except Li = $150\mu H$ when Option ME, Analog Meter, is selected.

	Type of Protection	Comm. Option	Field Parameters	Temp. Codes
	Flameproof, Zone 1: Ex d IIC, Enclosure IP 66/67	All	All	T5 Ta = -50 to 93°C T6 Ta = -50 to 78°C
		4-20 mA / DE	Ui = 30V Ii = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 85°C T6 Ta = -50 to 70°C
	Intrinsically Safe, Zone 0/1: Ex ia IIC, Enclosure IP 66/67	4-20 mA / HART	Ui = 30V Ii = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 63°C T6 Ta = -50 to 48°C
SAEx		Fieldbus	Ui = 24V Ii = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T3 Ta = -50 to 93°C T4 Ta = -50 to 40°C
(South Africa)	Multiple Marking: Flameproof, Zone 1: Ex d IIC, Enclosure IP 66/67	4-20 mA / DE	Ui = 30V li = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 85°C T6 Ta = -50 to 70°C
	Intrinsically Safe, Zone 0/1: Ex ia IIC, Enclosure IP 66/67 The user must determine the type of protection required for installation of	4-20 mA / HART	Ui = 30V li = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 63°C T6 Ta = -50 to 48°C
	the equipment. The user shall then check the box [\sqrt] adjacent to the type of protection used on the equipment certification nameplate. Once a type of protection has been checked on the nameplate, subsequently the equipment shall not be reinstalled using any of the other certification types.	Fieldbus	Ui = 24V Ii = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T3 Ta = -50 to 93°C T4 Ta = -50 to 40°C

	Type of Protection	Comm. Option	Field Parameters	Temp. Codes
	Flameproof, Zone 1: BR-Ex d IIC Enclosure IP 66/67	All	All	T5 Ta = -50 to 93°C T6 Ta = -50 to 78°C
INMETRO (CERTUSP)		4-20 mA / DE	Ui = 30V li = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 85°C T6 Ta = -50 to 70°C
Brazil	Intrinsically Safe, Zone 0/1: BR-Ex ia IIC Enclosure IP 66/67	4-20 mA / HART	Ui = 30V li = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 63°C T6 Ta = -50 to 48°C
		Fieldbus	Ui = 24V li = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T3 Ta = -50 to 93°C T4 Ta = -50 to 40°C

^{*} Li = 0 except Li = 150µH when Option ME, Analog Meter, is selected.

_	Type of Protection	Comm. Option	Field Parameters	Temp. Codes
	Flameproof, Zone 1: (x) 2 G, Ex d C Enclosure P 66/67	All	All	T5 Ta = -50 to 93°C T6 Ta = -50 to 78°C
	Intrinsically Safe, Zone	4-20 mA / DE	Ui = 30V Ii = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi = 1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 85°C T6 Ta = -50 to 70°C
	0/1: (⊆) 1 G , Ex ia IIC, Enclosure IP 66/67	4-20 mA / HART	Ui = 30V Ii = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 63°C T6 Ta = -50 to 48°C
		Fieldbus	Ui = 24V li = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T3 Ta = -50 to 93°C T4 Ta = -50 to 40°C
		4-20 mA / DE	Ui = 30V li = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 85°C T6 Ta = -50 to 70°C
ATEX (LCIE)	Non-Sparking, Zone 2: Exil 3 G,Ex nA IIC (Honeywell), Enclosure IP 66/67	4-20 mA / HART	Ui = 30V li = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 63°C T6 Ta = -50 to 48°C
(ESIL)		Fieldbus	Ui = 24V li = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T3 Ta = -50 to 93°C T4 Ta = -50 to 40°C
	Multiple Marking: Flameproof, Zone 1: () Il 2 G, Ex d IIC	4-20 mA / DE	Ui = 30V li = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 85°C T6 Ta = -50 to 70°C
	Intrinsically Safe, Zone 0/1:	4-20 mA / HART	Ui = 30V li = 100mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = * Pi =1.2W	T4 Ta = -50 to 93°C T5 Ta = -50 to 63°C T6 Ta = -50 to 48°C
* Li = 0 event Li = -	Non-Sparking, Zone 2: I 3 G, Ex nA IIC NOTE: The user must determine the type of protection required for installation of the equipment. The user shall then check the box [\(\frac{1}{2} \)] adjacent to the type of protection used on the equipment certification nameplate. Once a type of protection has been checked on the nameplate, subsequently the equipment shall not be reinstalled using any of the other certification types.	Fieldbus	Ui = 24V li = 250mA Ci = 4.2nF Li = 0 Pi =1.2W	T3 Ta = -50 to 93°C T4 Ta = -50 to 40°C

^{*} Li = 0 except Li = 150µH when Option ME, Analog Meter, is selected.

European Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) (97/23/EC)	The ST 3000 Smart Pressure Transmitters are in conformity with the essential requirements of the Pressure Equipment Directive. Honeywell ST 3000 Smart Pressure Transmitters are designed and manufactured in accordance with the applicable portions of Annex I, Essential Safety Requirements, and sound engineering practices. These transmitters have no pressurized internal volume, or have a pressurized internal volume rated less than 200 bar (2,900 psig), and/or have a maximum volume of less than 0.1 liter (Article 3, 1.1.(a) first indent, Group 1 fluids). Therefore, these transmitters are not subject to the essential requirements of the directive 97/23/EC (PED, Annex I) and shall not have the CE mark applied. For transmitters rated > 200 bar (2,900 psig) < 1,000 bar (14,500 psig) Honeywell maintains a technical file in accordance with Annex III, Module A, (internal production control) when the CE mark is required. Transmitter Attachments: Diaphragm Seals, Process Flanges and Manifolds comply with Sound Engineering Practice. NOTE: Pressure transmitters that are part of safety equipment for the protection of piping (systems) or vessel(s) from exceeding allowable pressure limits, (equipment with safety functions in accordance with Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC article 1, 2.1.3), require separate examination. A formal statement from TÜV Industry Service Group of TÜV America, Inc., a division of TÜV Süddeutschland, a Notified Body regarding the Pressure Equipment Directive, can be found at www.honeywell.com. A hard copy may be obtained by contacting a Honeywell representative.
CE Mark	Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) (2004/108/EC) All Models: EN 50081-1: 1992; EN 50082-2:1995; EN 61326-1:1997 + A1, A2, and A3 – Industrial Locations
Dual Seal Certification	Dual Seal Certification based on ANSI/NFPA 70-202 and ANSI/ISA 12.27.01 requirements without the use of additional seal protection elements.
Approved Manufacturing Locations	Honeywell Process Solutions - York, PA USA Honeywell Process Solutions - Phoenix, AZ USA Honeywell (Tianjin) Limited - Tianjin, P.R. China Honeywell Automation India Ltd Pune 411013 India

Foundation[™] Fieldbus is a trademark of the Fieldbus Foundation. HART[®] is a registered trademark of HART Communications Foundation. Hastelloy[®] C-276 is a registered trademark of Haynes International. Monel 400[®] is a registered trademark of Special Metals Corporation.

Viton[®] is a registered trademark of DuPont Teflon[®] is a registered trademark of DuPont. DC[®] 200 is a registered trademark of Dow Corning.

ST $3000^{\mbox{\tiny $\%$}}$ and Experion $\mbox{\tiny $\%$}$ are registered trademarks of Honeywell International Inc.

Mounting

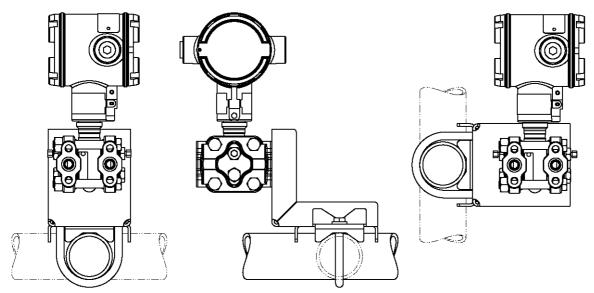


Figure 3 – Examples of typical mounting positions

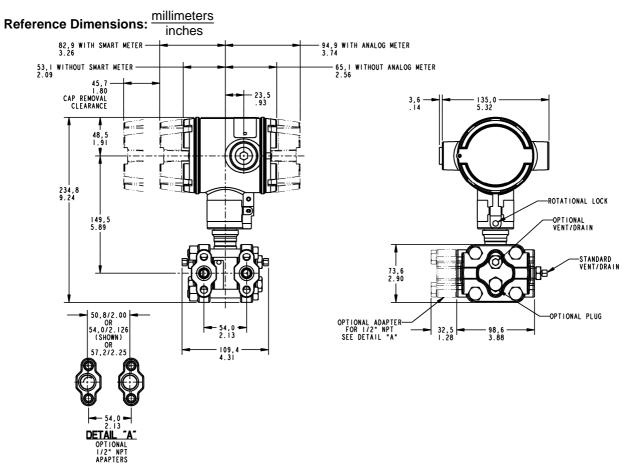


Figure 4 – Typical mounting dimensions of STD110, STD120, STD125, STD130 & STD170 for reference

Options

High Accuracy (Option HA)

Extends applicable S100 models to ±0.025% analog reference accuracy.

Angle Mounting Bracket (Options MB, MX, SB, SX, FB)

The angle mounting bracket is available in either zincplated carbon steel or stainless steel and is suitable for horizontal or vertical mounting on a two inch (50 millimeter) pipe, as well as wall mounting. An optional flat mounting bracket is also available in carbon steel for two inch (50 millimeter) pipe mounting. An option also exists for Marine approved mounting brackets used with Marine certification options.

• Indicating Meter (Options ME and SM)

Two integral meter options are available. An analog meter (option ME) is available with a dual 0 to 10 square root and 0 to 100% linear scale. The Smart Meter (option SM) provides an LCD display for both analog and digital output and can be configured to display pressure in selected engineering units.

HART[®] Output Protocol (Options HC and H6)

Optional electronic modules for the ST 3000 provide HART Protocol compatibility in either HART 5.x or 6.x formats. Transmitters with a HART Option are compatible with any HART enabled system that provides 5.x or 6.x format support.

FoundationTM Fieldbus Output (Option FF)

Equips transmitter with FF protocol for use in 31.25 kbit/s FF networks. See document 34-ST-03-72 for additional information on ST 3000 Fieldbus transmitters.

SIL2/SIL3 Certification (Option SL)

This ST 3000 product is available for use with safety systems. With the SL option, we are fully certified to SIL 2 capability for single transmitters and SIL 3 capability for multiple transmitter use through TÜV Nord Sys Tec GmbH & Co. KG. We are in compliance with the following SIL standards:

IEC 61508-1: 1998;

IEC 61508-2: 2000;

IEC 61508-3: 1998

• NAMUR NE43 Compliance (Option NE)

This option provides software the meets the NAMUR NE43 requirements for failsafe software. Transmitter failure information is generated when the measuring information is no longer valid.

Transmitter failure values are \leq 3.6 mA and \geq 21.0 mA. The normal ST 3000 ranges are \leq 3.8 mA and \geq 20.8 mA

• Lightning Protection (Option LP)

A terminal block is available with circuitry that protects the transmitter from transient surges induced by nearby lightning strikes.

Write Protection (Options WP and WX)

Provides the capability to hardwire write-protect installed transmitter configurations.

• Stainless Steel Tagging (Option TG)

Up to 30 characters can be added on the stainless steel nameplate mounted on the transmitter's electronics housing at no extra cost. A stainless steel wired on tag with additional data of up to 4 lines of 28 characters is also available. The number of characters for tagging includes spaces.

• Transmitter Configuration (Options TC and FC)

With Option TC, the factory can configure the analog, DE or HART transmitter's linear/square root extraction, damping time, LRV, URV and mode (analog/digital) and enter an ID tag of up to eight characters and scratchpad information as specified.

With Option FC, the Device ID, Transmitter Tag, Unit Level Node Address, Output Mode and Damping Time Constants can be specified.

Custom Calibration and ID in Memory (Option CC)

The factory can calibrate any range within the scope of the transmitter's range and enter an ID tag of up to eight characters in the transmitter's memory.

• Indicator Configuration (Option CI)

Provides custom configuration of Smart Meters

Lifetime Warranty (Option WL)

Extends limited 1-year warranty policy to 15 years for ST 3000 S100 pressure transmitters. See Honeywell Terms and Conditions.

Ordering information

For application assistance, current specifications, pricing, or name of the nearest Authorized Distributor, contact one of the offices below. Or, visit Honeywell on the World Wide Web at: http://www.honeywell.com.

ASIA PACIFIC

Control Products

Asia Pacific Headquarters Phone: +(65) 6355-2828 Fax: +(65) 6445-3033

Asia Pacific Global Technical Support Field Instruments

Phone: +65 6580 3156 Fax: +65 6445-3033 **Process Instruments** Phone: (603) 76950 4777 Fax: (603) 7958 8922

Australia

Honeywell Limited Phone: +(61) 7-3846 1255 FAX: +(61) 7-3840 6481 Toll Free 1300-36-39-36 Toll Free Fax: 1300-36-04-70

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Honeywell China Inc. Phone: +(86-10) 8458-3280 Fax: +(86-10) 8458-4650

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Honeywell China Inc. Phone: +(86-28) 8678-6348 Fax: +(86-28) 8678-7061

China - PRC - Xi'an

Honeywell China Ltd - Xi'an. Phone: +(86-29) 8833-7490 Fax: +(86-29) 8833-7489

China - PRC - Shenzhen-

Honeywell China Inc. Phone: +(86) 755-2518-1226 Fax: +(86) 755-2518-1221

Indonesia

PT Honeywell Indonesia Phone: +(62) 21-535-8833 FAX: +(62) 21-5367 1008

India

Automation India Ltd. Honeywell Ltd. Phone:+(91) 5603-9400 Fax: +(91) 5603-9600

Japan

Honeywell Inc. Phone: +(81) 3 6730 7150 Fax: +(81) 3 6730 7228

Malaysia

Honeywell Engineering Sdn Bhd Phone: +(60-3) 7950-4776 Fax: +(60-3) 7958-8922

New Zealand

Honeywell Limited Phone: +(64-9) 623-5052 Fax: +(64-9) 623-5060 Toll Free (0800) 202-088

Philippines

Honeywell Systems (Philippines) Inc. Phone: +(63-2) 633-2830-31/ 636 1661-62 Fax: +(63-2) 638-4013

Singapore

Honeywell Pte Ltd. Phone: +(65) 6580 3278 Fax: +(65) 6445-3033

South Korea

Honeywell Korea Co Ltd Phone: +(822) 799 6315 Fax: +(822) 792 9015

Thailand

Honeywell Systems (Thailand) Ltd. Phone: +(662) 693-3099 FAX: +(662) 693-3089

Taiwan R.O.C.

Honeywell Taiwan Ltd. Phone: +(886-2) 2245-1000 FAX: +(886-2) 2245-3241

SE Asia Countries

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see Honeywell Pte Ltd
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SE Asia Countries

see Honeywell Automation India Ltd for: Bangladesh Nepal Sri Lanka

EUROPE

Austria

Honeywell Austria GmbH Phone: +43 (316)400123 FAX: +43 (316)40017

Belgium

Honeywell SA/NV Phone: +32 (0) 2 728 24 07 FAX: +32 (0) 2 728 22 45

Bulgaria

Honeywell EOOD Phone: +(359) 2 40 20 900 FAX: +(359) 2 40 20 990

Czech Republic

Honeywell spol. s.r.o. Phone: +420 242 442 232 FAX: +420 242 442 131

Denmark

Honeywell A/S Phone: +(45) 39 55 55 55 FAX: +(45) 39 55 55 58

Finland

Honeywell OY Phone: +358 (0) 20752 2753 FAX: +358 (0) 20752 2751

France

Honeywell SA Phone: +33 (0)1 60198075 FAX: +33 (0)1 60198201

Germany

Honeywell AG Phone: +49 (69)8064-299 FAX: +49 (69)806497336

Hungary

Honeywell Kft. Phone: +36-1-451 4300 FAX: +36-1-451 4343

Italy

Honeywell S.p.A. Phone: +39 02 92146 307/ 395

FAX: +39 0292146377

The Netherlands

Honeywell B.V. Phone: +31 (0) 20 5656200 FAX: +31 (0) 20 5656210

Norway

Honeywell A/S Phone: (45) 39 55 55 55

Poland

Honeywell Sp. zo.o Phone: +48-22-6060900 FAX: +48-22-6060901

Portugal

Honeywell Portugal Lda Phone: +351 21 424 5000 FAX: +351 21 424 50 99

Romania

Honeywell Bucharest Phone: +40 (0) 21 2316437 FAX: +40 (0) 21 2316439

Russian Federation (RF),

ZAO "Honeywell" Phone: +7 (095) 796 98 00 FAX: +7 (495) 797 99 64

Slovak Republic

Honeywell s.r.o. Phone: +421-2-58247 410 FAX: +421-2-58247 415

Spain

Honeywell S.A. Phone: +34 (0)91313 61 00 FAX: +34 (0)91313 61 30

Swede

Honeywell AB Phone: +(46) 8 775 55 00 FAX: +(46) 8 775 56 00

Switzerland

Honeywell AG Phone: +41 18552448 FAX: +(41) 1 855 24 45

Turkey

Honeywell Turkey A.S. Phone: +90 216 578 71 00 FAX: +90 216 575 66 35

Ukraine

Honeywell Tel: +380-44-201 44 74 Fax: +380-44-201-44-75

United Kingdom

Honeywell Control Systems Ltd. Phone: +44 (0)1344 655251 FAX: +44 (0) 1344 655554

MIDDLE EAST

Abu Dhabi U A E

Middle East Headquarters Honeywell Middle East Ltd. Phone: +971 2 4041246 FAX: +971 2 4432536

Sultanate of Oman

Honeywell & Co Oman LLC Phone: +968 24 701153/ Ext.33 FAX +968 24 787351

Saudia Arabia

Honeywell Turki Arabia Ltd Jubail Office Phone: +966-3-341-0140 Fax: +966-3-341-0216

Honeywell - ATCO Dammam Office

Phone: 0096638304584 Fax: 0096638338059

Kuwait

Honeywell Kuwait KSC Phone: +965 242 1327 to 30 Fax: +965 242 8315 and

Phone: +965 326 2934/1821 Fax: +965 326 1714

AFRICA

Mediterranean & African Distributors Honeywell SpA

Phone: +39 (02) 250 10 604 FAX: +39 (02) 250 10 659 South Africa (Republic of)

and sub saharan Honeywell Southern Africa Honeywell S.A. Pty. Ltd. Phone: +27 11 6958000 FAX +27 118051504

NORTH AMERICA

Canada

Honeywell LTD Phone: 1-800-737-3360 FAX: 1-800-565-4130

USA

Honeywell Process Solutions, Phone: 1-800-343-0228 FAX: 1-717-771-8251 Email:sc-cp-appssales@ honeywell.com

LATIN AMERICA

Argentina

Honeywell S.A.I.C. Phone: +(54-11) 4383-3637 FAX: +(54-11) 4325-6470

Brazil

Honeywell do Brasil & Cia Phone: +(55-11) 7266-1900 FAX: +(55-11) 7266-1905

Chile

Honeywell Chile, S.A. Phone: +(56-2) 233-0688 FAX: +(56-2) 231-6679

Mexico

Honeywell S.A. de C.V. Phone: +(52) 55 5259-1966 FAX: +(52) 55 5570-2985

Puerto Rico

Honeywell Inc. Phone: +(809) 792-7075 FAX: +(809) 792-0053

Trinidad

Honeywell Inc. Phone: +(868) 624-3964 FAX: +(868) 624-3969

Venezuela

Honeywell CA Phone: +(58-2) 238-0211 FAX: +(58-2) 238-3391

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Model Selection Guide

Model Selection Guide 34-ST-16-01 Issue 59

Instructions

- · Select the desired Key Number. The arrow to the right marks the selection available.
- Make one selection from each Table I and II using the column below the proper arrow.
- Select as many Table III options as desired (if no options or approvals are desired, specify 9X).
- A () denotes unrestricted availability. A letter denotes restricted availability.
- Restrictions follow Table IV.

Key Number	1		II .		III (Optional)		IV	
		-		-		+	XXXX	



KEY NUMBER

Span	Selection		Ava	ailab	oilit	у
"to 0-400" H ₂ O/0-2.5 to 0-1,000 mbar Body Rating: 4,500 psi (315 bar) 5 to 0-100 psi/0-0.35 to 0-7 bar Body Rating: 4,500 psi (315 bar) 100 to 0-3,000 psi/0-7 to 0-210 bar Body Rating: 4,500 psi (315 bar) 25" to 0-600" H ₂ O/0-62.2 to 0-1,500 mbar Body Rating: 4500 psi (315 bar) 0.4" to 0-10" H ₂ O/0-1 to 0-25 mbar	STD120					
0-5 to 0-100 psi/0-0.35 to 0-7 bar	STD130		¥			T
0-100 to 0-3,000 psi/0-7 to 0-210 bar	STD170			¥		T
0-25" to 0-600" H ₂ O/0-62.2 to 0-1,500 mbar	STD125				V	
0-0.4" to 0-10" H ₂ O/0-1 to 0-25 mbar Body Rating: 50 psi (3.5 bar) Compound Characterized	STD110					4

Important Note:

Base STD models no longer include a default communications option. All units now require the selection of a communication option from Table III (AN, DE, HC, H6 or FF).

TABLE I - METER BODY

	Process Wetted Heads	Vent/Drain Valves and Plugs ²	Barrier Diaphragms	Selection					
	Carbon Steel 1	316 SS	316L SS	A		•		•	
	Carbon Steel 1	316 SS	Hastelloy® C-2763	В		•			
	Carbon Steel 1	316 SS	Monel 400 ^{® 4}	C	19	19	19		
	Carbon Steel 1	316 SS	Tantalum	B C D		•			
Materials of	316 SS ⁵	316 SS	316L SS	E					
	316 SS 5	316 SS	Hastelloy® C-2763	F					
Construction	316 SS 5	316 SS	Monel 400 ^{® 4}	G	19	19	19		
	316 SS 5	316 SS	Tantalum	H					
	Hastelloy® C-276 3,6	Hastelloy® C-276 3	Hastelloy® C-2763	J	•				Г
	Hastelloy® C-276 3,6	Hastelloy® C-276 3	Tantalum	K					
	Monel 400 ^{® 4, 7}	Monel 400 ^{® 10}	Monel 400 ^{® 4}	L_	19	19	19		
Fill Fluid		Silicone		_1_	•	•	•	•	
FIII FIGIG		CTFE		2					
Process Head		1/4" NPT		A	•	•	•	•	•
Configuration	1/2" NPT	with Adapter (on 1/4" NP	T Head)	H	t	t	t	t	t

Carbon Steel heads are zinc-plated.
 Vent/Drains are Teflon^{® 9} - coated for lubricity.

³ Hastelloy® C-276 or UNS N10276 4 Monel 400® or UNS N04400

Supplied as 316 SS or as Grade CF8M, the casting equivalent of 316 SS.

Supplied as indicated or as Grade CW12MW, the casting equivalent of Hastelloy® C-278
Supplied as indicated or as Grade M30C, the casting equivalent of Monel 400®
Teflon® or PTFE
Monel 400® or UNS N04400 or UNS N04405

	STD1xx	,	Avai	labi	lity		
		, 1	1	1	\downarrow	\downarrow	1
TABLE II	Selection				25	10	1
No Selection	00000	٠	•	•	•	•	J
TABLE III - OPTIONS	Selection	1	ľ				Ī
Communication Options (Must choose a communications option)	8		- 8				1
Analog only (can be configured using appropriate Honeywell DE tool)	AN	•	•	•	•	•	Τ
DE Protocol communications	DE	•	•	•	•	•	L
HART®5.x Protocol compatible electronics	HC	•	•	•	•	•	
HART® 6.x Protocol compatible electronics	H6	•	•	•	•	•	ı
FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus Communications Indicating Meter Options	FF	r	r	r	r	r	H
Analog Meter (0-100 Even 0-10 Square Root)	ME		•		•	•	٠
Smart Meter	SM		:	:		:	
Custom Configuration of Smart Meter	CI	e	e	e	e	e	H
Local Zero & Span	zs	m	m	m	m	٠	H
Local Zero	17	×	x	×	x		
Fransmitter Housing & Electronics Options		Ĥ	Â	î	_	11	۰
NAMUR Failsafe Software	NE.	15	15	15	15	15	1.
SIL 2 - TÜV Certified transmitter (requires HC or H6 and WP options)	SL	P	р	р	р	р	1
Lightning Protection	LP		•		•	•	
Custom Calibration and I.D. in Memory	CC	•			•	•	ı
Transmitter Configuration - (non-Fieldbus)	TC	15	15	15	15	15	r
Transmitter Configuration - (Fieldbus)	FC	21	21	21	21	21	
Write Protection (Delivered in the "enabled" position)	WP				•	•	Γ
Write Protection (Delivered in the "disabled" position)	WX		٠		•		l
316 SS ⁵ Electronics Housing - with M20 Conduit Connections	SH	n	n	n	n	n	Γ
1/2" NPT to M20 316 SS Conduit Adapter (BASEEFA EEx d IIC)	A1	n	n	n	n	n	ı
1/2" NPT to 3/4" NPT 316 SS Conduit Adapter	A2	i	i	i	i	i	ı
316 SS 5 Housing with M20 to 1/2" NPT 316 SS Conduit	A3	i	i	i	i	i	ı
Adapter (use for FM and CSA Approvals)				•		2.0	L
Steel Customer Wired-On Tag	TG						L
(4 lines, 28 characters per line, customer supplied information)			250				
Stainless Steel Customer Wired-On Tag (blank)	TB	•	•	•	•	•	F
High Accuracy	HA	d					ı
Low Temperature50°C Ambient Limit	LT	18	18	18		8	H
End Cap Live Circuit Warning Label in Spanish (only with ATEX 3D) End Cap Live Circuit Warning Label in Portuguese (only with ATEX 3D)	SP PG	a	a	a	a	a	
End Cap Live Circuit Warning Label in Portuguese (only with ATEX 3D)	TL	a	a	a	a	a	ı
End Cap Live Circuit Warning Label in Raham (only with ATEX 3D)	GE	a	a	a	a	a	ı
Meter Body Options	- SL	a	d	d	a	a	t
316 SS Bolts and 316 SS Nuts for Process Heads	SS		•	•	•	•	٠
B7M Bolts and Nuts for Process Heads	B7						
NACE A286 SS Bolts and 304 SS Nuts for Process Heads	CR						ı
316 SS 5 Adapter Flange - 1/2" NPT with CS Bolts	S2	c	С	c	c	С	t
316 SS ⁵ Adapter Flange - 1/2" NPT with 316 SS Bolts	S3	c	c	c	c	c	ı
316 SS ⁵ Adapter Flange - 1/2" NPT with NACE A286 SS Bolts	S4	c	С	С	c	С	ı
316 SS 5 Adapter Flange - 1/2" NPT with B7M Bolts	S5	c	С	c	с	с	ı
Hastelloy® C-276 ^{3, 6} Adapter Flange - 1/2" NPT with CS Bolts	T2	c	С	c			ı
Hastelloy® C-276 3, 6 Adapter Flange - 1/2" NPT with 316 SS Bolts	T3	c	С	c			١
Monel 400®4,7 Adapter Flange - 1/2" NPT with CS Bolts	V2	c	С	С			ı
Monel 400® 4,7 Adapter Flange - 1/2" NPT with 316 SS Bolts	V3	c	С	С			ı
316 SS ⁵ Blind Adapter Flange with CS Bolts	B3		•		•	•	Ì
316 SS 5 Blind Adapter Flange with 316 SS Bolts	B4	•	•		•	•	ı
316 SS ⁵ Blind Adapter Flange with NACE A286 SS Bolts	B5				•	•	1
316 SS ⁵ Blind Adapter Flange with B7M Bolts	B6	•	•		•	•	1
Side Vent/Drain (End Vent Drain is standard)	SV	•			•	•	1
316 SS Center Vent Drain and Bushing	CV	•	•	•	•		L
Viton®® Process Head Gaskets (adapter gaskets ordered separately)	VT	•	•		•	•	ſ
Graphite Process Head & Adaptor Flange Gaskets	GF	•	•	•	•	•	L
1000 Mg C 1000 MM 0 100 M 100 M 100 M 100 M 100 M 100 M		4.7	17	17	17	17	ſ
Viton® Adapter Flange Gaskets	VF	17	17			-	4
Viton ^{® a} Adapter Flange Gaskets iaphragm Options						2. 2	1
Viton® Adapter Flange Gaskets ijaphragm Options Gold plated diaphragm(s) on 316 SS Gold plated diaphragm(s) on Monel 400® 4 or Hastelloy® C-276 3 ONLY	VF G1 G2	•	•	•	•	•	

³Hastelloy® C-276 or UNS N10276

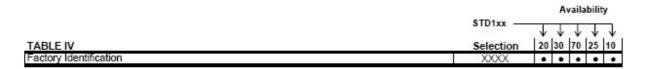
4 Monel 400® or UNS N04400
5 Supplied as 316 SS or as Grade CF8M, the casting equivalent of 316 SS.
6 Supplied as indicated or as Grade CW12MW, the casting equivalent of Hastelloy® C-276
7 Supplied as indicated or as Grade M30C, the casting equivalent of Monel 400®
8 Viton® or Fluorocarbon Elastomer

			A	/aila	abilit	y	
TABLE III - OPTIONS (continued)	STD1xx — Selection	20	↓ 30	↓ 70	↓ 25	10	ì
Transmitter Mounting Brackets Options		3 9				3	1
Mounting Bracket - Carbon Steel	MB	•	•	٠	•	•	Т
Marine Approved Mounting Bracket - Carbon Steel	MX			•			П
Mounting Bracket - 304 SS	SB						11
Marine Approved Mounting Bracket - 304 SS	SX						1
Flat Mounting Bracket - Carbon Steel	FB						Н
Services/Certificates/Marine Type Approval Options							Г
User's Manual Paper Copy (Standard, HC/H6, or FF ships accordingly)	UM	•	•	•	•		1
Clean Transmitter for Oxygen or Chlorine Service with Certificate	0X	j	j	j	j		1
Over-Pressure Leak Test with F3392 Certificate	TP	•	•	•			1
Calibration Test Report and Certificate of Conformance (F3399)	F1						Г
Certificate of Conformance (F3391)	F3				•		L
Certificate of Origin (F0195)	F5		•				Г
FMEDA Certificate (SIL 1) (FC33321)	F6						П
SIL Certificate (SIL 2/3) (FC33337)	FE	22	22	22	22	22	1'
NACE Certificate (Process-Wetted & Non-Process Wetted) (FC33339)	F7	0	0	0	0	0	Г
NACE Certificate (Process-Wetted only) (FC33338)	FG	•	•	•	•		Γ.
Marine Type Approvals (DNV, ABS, BV, KR & LR) (FC33340)	MT	2	2	2	2	2	Г
Warranty Options		200		0			
Additional Warranty - 1 year	W1		•		•		Т
Additional Warranty - 2 years	W2						
Additional Warranty - 3 years	W3			•		•	1
Additional Warranty - 4 years	W4		•	•		٠	
Lifetime Warranty - 15 years	WL						1

Approval Body	Approval Type	Location or Classification	Selection			2 (
No hazardo	us location approvals		9X	•	•	•	•	٠
	Explosion Proof	Class I, Div. 1, Groups A,B,C,D						
	Dust Ignition Proof	Class II, III Div. 1, Groups E,F,G						
FM Approvals	Non-Incendive	Class I, Div. 2, Groups A,B,C,D	1C		•	•	•	•
	Intrinsically Safe	Class I, II, III, Div. 1, Groups A,B,C,D,E,F,G						
Canadian	Explosion Proof	Class I, Div. 1, Groups B,C,D	i i	1 3		8	8 9	6 8
Standards	Dust Ignition Proof	Class II, III, Div. 1, Groups E,F,G				f		
Association (CSA)	Intrinsically Safe	Class I, II, III, Div. 1, Groups A,B,C,D,E,F,G	2J	•	•	1:	•	•
IECEx	Flameproof, Zone 1	Ex d IIC; T5 (Ta = -40 to +93°C), T6 (Ta = -40 to +78°C)	CA			S-1		
IEGEX	Intrinsically Safe, Zone 0/1	Ex ia IIC; T3, T4, T5, T6 See Spec for detailed temperature codes by Communications option	T CA		•	•	•	•
	Intrinsically Safe, Zone 0/1	(E) 1 G	3S	•	•	•	•	•
	Flameproof, Zone 1	(Ex) II 2 G Ex d IIC T5, T6, Enclosure IP 66/67	3D	•	•	•	•	•
ATEX 10	Non-Sparking, Zone 2	(Honeywell). Enclosure IP 66/67	3N	•	•	•	•	•
	Multiple Marking 11 Int. Safe, Zone 0/1, or Flameproof, Zone 1, or Non-Sparking, Zone 2	Ex II 1 G Ex ia IIC T4, T5, T6 Ex II 2 G Ex d IIC T5, T6 Ex II 3 G Ex nA, IIC T6 (Honeywell) Enclosure IP 66/67	ЗН		•	•	•	•
8	Intrinsically Safe, Zone 0/1	Ex ia IIC T4, T5, T6	Z2	•	•	•	•	•
SAEx	Flameproof, Zone 1	EX d IIC T5, T6 Enclosure IP 66/67	ZD			•	•	•
(South Africa)	Multiple Marking ¹¹ Int. Safe, Zone 0/1, or Flameproof, Zone 1	Ex ia IIC T4, T5, T6 Ex d IIC T5, T6 Enclosure IP 66/67	ZA	•	•	•	•	•
INMETRO (Brazil)	Flameproof, Zone 1	Ex d IIC T5	6D	•	•	•	•	•

Hastelloy® C-276 or UNS N10276
 Monel 400® or UNS N04400
 See ATEX installation requirements in the ST 3000 User's Manual

¹¹ The user must determine the type of protection required for installation of the equipment. The user shall then check the box 1 adjacent to the type of protection used on the equipment certification namepiate. Once a type of protection has been chec



RESTRICTIONS

Restriction		Available Only With		Not Available With
Letter	Table	Selection	Table	Selection
а	Ш	3D or 3H		
b		Select only one op	otion from this group	
С	1	H		v.314502.741.427
d	1	A, E	TH.	G1, G2
е	III	SM		
f	1		1	L
i i	III	1C or 2J	38	
j	1	_2_		
m			III.	ME, FF
n	ĭ ii		JII .	1C, 2J
0	III	CR, S4, B5	4	
р	III	HC or H6 and WP	III	FF, 00
r			III	TC, ME, CA
t	Ш	S2, S3 ,S4, S5, T2, T3, V2, V3		
х	III	FF, SM		28 28 28 28 2 20 28 TO
2	Ш	MX, SX	111	FB, MB, SB
15		0,1	III	FF
17	III	VT	- 18	
18	1	_1_		
19			111	F7, FG
21	III	FF		
22	III	SL		

Note: See ST-89 for Published Specials with pricing.



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For More Information

Learn more about how Honeywell's ST 3000 Smart Pressure Transmitters can increase performance, reduce downtime and decrease configuration costs, visit our website www.honeywell.com/ps or contact your Honeywell account manager.

Automation & Control Solutions

Process Solutions Honeywell 2500 W. Union Hills Dr. Phoenix, AZ 85027

Tel: 877.466.3993 or 602.313.6665

www.honeywell.com/ps



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